

**Fiscal Impact**  
2<sup>nd</sup> Session of the 59<sup>th</sup> Legislature

**Bill No.:**

**SB 1199**

**Version:**

**INT**

**Author:**

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**Fiscal Analysis**

SB 1199 creates Lauria and Ashley's Law. The measure adds the crime of accessory to first or second degree murder to the list of 85% crimes. The Department of Corrections averaged roughly 7 inmates received with a conviction of accessory to murder from FY'13 to FY'22. Individuals convicted of Accessory to Murder are serving an average of 1,110 days (3.04 years) of an average 3,396 day sentence (9.3 years). Based on the current average sentence length, if these sentences were to be converted to 85% the average days served would increase to 2886 (7.9 years) or 1776 (4.86 years) more days to serve.

$\$6,811.85 \times 4.86 \text{ yrs} = \$33,105.56$  of total costs added per inmate

$\$33,105.59 \times 7 \text{ inmates} = \$231,739.13$  avg. total cost added per FY

The FY'23 incremental/average cost to incarcerate an inmate was \$6,811.85 annually or \$18.66 per day.

**FY'25 Impact:** \$6,811.85 per inmate

**Full Year Impact:** \$33,105.59 per inmate

Prepared by: Department of Corrections